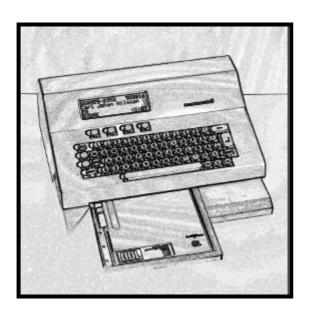
Installation and Setup Manual

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KODAK Network ID Camera



Health Imaging

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This manual shall be used only by service personnel

This equipment includes parts and assemblies sensitive to damage from electrostatic discharge. Use caution to prevent damage during all service procedures.

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1 General

This manual describes how to install and setup the KODAK Network ID Camera herein called KNIC. This includes anything from installation to setting-up what the picture printed on the film should look like, which language for the display, to how it should communicate with a booking system.

This manual is written for software version 2.1 and it is assumed that language is set to English. Note that you may select language to English which causes all texts to be displayed in English, but still select country to the country you are in to get country-dependent information, like date format and PID number, correct.

2 Installation

2.1 Unpacking

Check that the cardboard box is undamaged and has no holes or deep scratches. Any damage must be reported to the transport company or the supplier whenever it can be suspected that the camera has been damaged during transport.

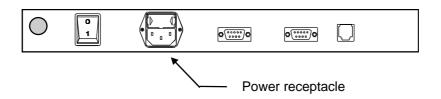
The box contains the camera, an operator's manual in local language and the power cord. The keyboard should be equipped with the country dependent keycaps. If the power cord and the country dependent keycaps are not packed with the camera, they are delivered in a separate box.

2.2 Installation Details

After unpacking the camera it should be placed on a steady table or shelf. If the camera is operated in mobile units like mammography screening buses, or where there is a risk of the camera falling down, it should be fastened to the surface with two screws mounted from the inside of the camera through two holes in the bottom plate with suitable screws.

The power cord should be connected to the power receptacle on the backside of the camera and to wall outlet.

No voltage selection is necessary, the camera can be operated at any nominal voltage from 220 VAC to 240 VAC.



Check with customer that the keyboard has the local used keycaps.

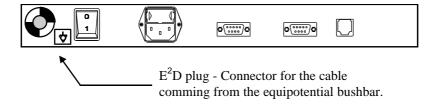
Country keycap sets can be ordered as spare parts if needed.

Caution

The KODAK Network ID Camera is classified as Information Technology Equipment according to EN 60950.

According to European Safety Regulations for Medical Equipments, the following conditions must be fullfilled:

- if the camera is operated within a distance of 1.5 m from the patient, it must be connected to the equipotential equalization device (E²D). E²D with cable must be provided by the customer.
- The purpose of the E²D is to ensure that all medical and other equipments are connected to the same ground potential.
- if the camera is connected to a Medical Equipment according to EN 60601-1(e.g. safety ground or data connections) the safety standard EN 60601-1-1 has to be met and documented.



3 Setup

This section describes how the set-up of the camera is done. It assumes that the operator is familiar with the camera.

3.1 Getting into setup mode.

Make sure the camera displays the main window which is the window that comes up after the initial screen with the Kodak and Triacon logo. The window shows:

```
Date: 031197 Time:15:45:48

Selected cassette : Standard, C1

Manual Booking Memory Cass type
```

To get into setup mode now, press Shift F4 (the right soft-key while holding any of the two shift keys down). A new window will appear asking for a password.

Two passwords are available where one does not give access to all parameters.

The first password LANEX is intended for Kodak personnel. It gives access to all settings.

The other password KELP is intented for Key Operator and will only allow to change the picture and communication set-up.

Use password LANEX.

Do not give any of these two passwords to the customer.

The KODAK Network ID Camera will remember the password for about 15 minutes and will not ask you for the password again, if you exit and then enter set-up mode again within 15 minutes. This is to eliminate the need to re-type the password every time you leave setup mode to test a configuration.

3.2 Resetting to factory default

Get into configuration mode as described in chapter 3.1. Then press Ctrl-E. This will reset the memory of the KODAK Network ID Camera and restart the camera just as if you were switching the power on again. Go to chapter "Settings" to find out how to change the language of your preference.

3.3 Main configuration window

Get into configuration mode as described in chapter 3.1.

Set-up			Ver:2.1
Communi Setting	adjustment	_	
Lock	Up	Down	Exit

This is a menu from where to select what has to be set-up. Some of the selections will present you yet another selection menu (first selection for example) while other selections will present a window

where configurations can be changed (settings for example).

The soft-keys are used as follows:

Lock Lock the set-up with a password. Will make the KODAK Network ID Camera ask for password the next time set-up is entered. An alternative to LOCK is to wait for the password time-out.

Up An alternative to using the up-arrow. Will move to the selection above the

Down An alternative to using the down-arrow. Will move to the selection below the current.

Exit Exit set-up mode.

3.3.1 Picture and settings

Here you can set details of how and what will be printed on the film.

3.3.2 Communication param

Here all settings regarding the communication between the KODAK Network ID Camera and the equipment connected to any of the four communication ports can be changed.

The selections below are only available, if password LANEX is used.

3.3.3 Settings

Here all settings of a more general nature can be changed, e. g. which language the KODAK Network ID Camera speaks.

3.3.4 Sensor adjustment

This selection will show a picture showing the status of the three cassette sensors. For detailed information, please refer to the Service manual.

3.3.5 Test functions

Here parameters regarding the opening of the cassette window can be set. For detailed information, please refer to the Service Manual.

NOTE: This should only be done by trained service personnel.

3.3.6 Serial analyzer

Here all data, received on HOST or NET serial communication port, is listed. For detailed information, please refer to the Network Installation Manual.

3.3.7 Remote control

Here the down-/upload of a set-up is performed.

3.3.8 System logger

Here is listed errors and abnormal situations. For detailed information, please refer to the Service Manual.

3.4 Pictures and settings

Choosing this selection will present five new alternatives.

Picture	Standard,	C1
Settings	Standard,	C1
Picture	Min-R2,	C1N
Settings	Min-R2,	C1N
Menues		

3.4.1 Picture

Here the layout of the picture printed on the film is defined. Two different pictures can be defined, "Standard, C1" and "Min-R2, C1N". The C1N window is narrower than the C1 window (6 lines instead of 8 if the small font is used), but this is not reflected by the configuration alternatives, instead it is the responsibility of the person creating the setup not to put anything information outside the window.

This means that it is possible to have two different configurations for a C1 window, one under the Picture Standard, C1 and another under Picture Min-R2, C1N. The picture names are editable and can be given any name corresponding to their use.

3.4.2 Some frequently used words

This is what a unit of information is called when it is displayed on the picture. A field contains, for example, the name of a patient or the current date or current time. A picture is made of a number of fields, and each field can be placed anywhere within the picture. A field also contains information about how the information should appear on the picture, for example the size of the text.

A pixel is a small dot of which all characters are built on the display. Position on the display is given in pixels. To be able to calculate how much information will fit into the window, you must know the following.

The C1 window is 64 pixels high (0 to 63) and 240 pixels wide (0 to 239).

The C1N window is 48 pixels high (16-63) and 240 pixels wide (0 to 239).

A character is 16 pixels high and 12 pixels wide, if the large font is used.

A character is 8 pixels high and 6 pixels wide, if the small font is used.

The appearance of the text on the film/display is determined by the font selected. Currently two fonts are available, the LARGE and the SMALL font. The large font is twice as high and wide as the small font.

3.4.3 Picture Standard, C1/Min-R2, C1N

If Picture Standard, C1 is selected, the following will be displayed (factory default):

No	Field	Length	Row,Col	
01:	PID	12	0, 0	
02:	Date	6	0,168	
03:	Name	20	16, 0	
04:	AP/PA	2	32, 0	
05:	Text	35	32, 30	
Pla	ce	New	Remove	Save

This display shows all fields that are defined for this picture. The up and down keys can be used to step through all fields. The window will automatically scroll to display more items.

To add a new item, place the cursor on the position where you like to add a field and press the NEW soft-key. This will make the KODAK Network ID Camera duplicate the field at the cursor and you can then edit one of the copies as you wish. The maximum numbers of fields are 50 for each window, C1/C1N.

To remove an item, place the cursor on the field you wish to delete, and press the REMOVE soft-key. This will immediately remove the selected item.

To move a field (i.e. give it another position on the picture printed on the film) press the PLACE soft-key. This will bring up another window where the selected field is displayed as a white box representing the size of the field, and all other fields are displayed as other strings of characters selected to represent the type of the field (D for date field N for name field). The current field can now be moved by the four arrow keys. If shift+arrow key is pressed the field will step 6 pixels left/right and 8 pixels up/down. When a good position is found just press the *enter* key to leave the window. Experience has shown that this is a good method of finding out where to place the field. It is, however, difficult to find the exact position, as the fields are often placed one or two pixels off. Therefore, the optimal procedure is to place all fields using this method, and then to check all positions manually and correct them by entering their positions by numbers as described below under "Editing a field".

3.4.4 Editing a field

To change a parameter of a field, place the cursor on the field and press the *enter* key. This will open a new window:

Fialdo	definit	ion		Field:05
		.1011	T 11.4	
Type:			Length:	
Row:	32		Column:	30
			Font:	Small
			r onc.	Billatt
		_		-
		Previous	Next	Save

Type tells what kind of information is displayed in this field. The following types are available.

Name - The name of the patient. The user may enter any information. This field must not be empty.

PID - The PID number of the patient. When entering the PID number, only the format that is used in the country for which the camera is configured is allowed. Also the check-digit is checked, and the user is forced to either correct the PID number or explicitly tell that the number is not valid by pressing the Shift-F1 key.

Number - An integer. Allows only numeric characters to entered.

Text - Any text in any format.

AP/PA - Anterior or Posterior. This tells, whether the X-ray picture is taken with the X-ray tube in front or behind the patient. Apart from displaying it in the film, the information is used by the KODAK Network ID Camera to mirror the picture when the picture is taken PA.

Menu – A menu allows the user a selection from a number of predefined text strings. Five different menues can be defined, and each of them can have 16 alternatives. In this window you only have to chose which of the five menues you will use. When you leave the type field (press enter) a new field will appear in the window, called menu. Here the number of the menu to use can be entered.

F-Text - Fixed text. This is used to enter text that will always be displayed like the name of the hospital. When you leave the type field (press enter) a new field called "Fixed text" will appear at the bottom of the window, allowing you to enter the text to display.

H-line - Horizontal line. Will display a horizontal line on the picture. Take care not to put the line behind any other field because these other fields may overwrite the line. The font entry is not used.

V-line - Vertical line. Details see H-line.

Date - Print current date. When the type field is left a new entry will appear called format. Here the date format can be selected. If the format you want is not available it can still be created by using three different date fields, one each for year, month, and day with separating characters inserted as F-text fields. Note that months can be displayed either as a two-digit number (MM) or three-letter text (MMM).

Time - Prints current time. Functions the same way as the DATE field.

COMM - Communication. This field is used if the KODAK Network ID Camera is connected to other equipment that sends data to the KODAK Network ID Camera, for example an X-ray unit that can send information about kV and mAs. When the type field is left a new entry will appear called Comm. This item will present a list of the type of information available. The type of information highly depends on the kind of equipment connected. Please refer to chapter 3.5.3 and the Network Installation Manual for more information.

Length The length of the field.

Row The pixel row where the upper edge of the characters of the field should be displayed. The uppermost row is normally placed at row 0 for the C1 window and row 16 for the C1N window.

Column The pixel column where the left side of the character should be placed.

Font The size of the character. Select between large (h=16, w=12) or small (h=8, w=6).

Menu This field only appears when the field type is Menu. Enter the number of the menu to be used. Please refer to chapter 3.4.6 for information on how to define menues.

F-text Fixed text. This field only appears when the field type is F-text. Enter the text to be displayed. The maximun numbers of F-texts are 30 divided among the C1-/C1N windows.

Format This field only appears when the field type is date or time. See Date above for more information.

Comm Communication item. This field presents a list with the information that is sent from equipment connected to the KODAK Network ID Camera. The kind of information highly depends on the kind of equipment connected. Please refer to chapter 3.5.3 and Network Installation Manual.

3.4.5 Settings Standard, C1/Min-R2, C1N

If Settings Standard, C1 is selected, the following will be displayed:

Settings Status: Used Text: Normal Exposure: 550 ms Location: Bottom Intensity: Vert adjust: Name: Standard, C1 Previous Next Save

The cursor is located at "Status" and can be moved between the different settings by pressing up- and down-arrow keys. If the softkeys Previous and Next are visible it is two or more predefined values that can be selected by pressing the corresponding function keys F2 and F3.

The following settings can be performed:

Status

Toggle between Used/Not used (i.e enable/disable the picture). If one picture is switched to "Not used" the other one will automaticly be switched to "Used". A "Not used" picture can not be accessed by the operator. Factory default is Used.

Exposure

Basic exposure time in millisecundes. A value between 10 and 65535 can be set. A value less than 300 will cause vertical pattern to appear because of interference with the refresh rate of the exposure time. Factory default is 550.

The actual exposure time is the basic exposure time set in this window multiplied by a factor determined by the exposure correction set in the exposure window that is opened from the patient data window. The correction factor is:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0,5	0,6	0,71	0,84	1	1,19	1,44	1,68	2

Intensity Intensity of the exposure display. Selectable values are 0.4, 1, 1.8, 4.5 and 10. Factory default is 1.

Name

The name of this picture. Can be edited to any name with a maximun length of 15 characters. Factory default is "Standard, C1" and "Min-R2, C1N".

Text

Toggle between Normal/Inverted. Determine whether the picture should show white text on black background or black text on white background. Factory default is Normal.

Location Toggle between Bottom/Top. Determine whether the picture should be printed on bottom or top of the film. Factory default is Bottom.

> **NOTE!** If a window is set-up for a MIN-R2 cassette bottom marking and then is changed to top marking the lower 16 pixel-lines of the image will be placed outside the cassette window. This means that the whole image must be moved 16 pixel-lines up, field by field, to fit the MIN-R2 cassette window.

If a Standard C1 cassette is used, no adjustments is needed when swapping from bottom to top marking.

Vert Adj Offset between operator- and exposure display. The picture which will be printed on the film can be adjusted down. Maximum adjustment is 32 pixellines. Factory default is 0.

3.4.6 Menues

Menues can be defined here. A menu is a type of field where the user can select from a set of predefined texts. Five different menues can be defined. Each of them can have 16 different selections. Any menu can be used any number of times by either the C1, or the C1N window, or both.

When "Menues" is selected from the window described in chapter 3.4 the following window is displayed:

```
No Len Alternative

1: 4 SIN, DX, MIKT

2:
3:
4:
5:
```

Here menu 1 is defined. It has a length of 4 and contains the alternatives SIN, DX and MIKT. To create a new menu, move the cursor to a new menu, for example No. 2, and press the *enter* key. A new window will appear asking you for the number of characters of the longest alternative in the list. This may be a number between 1 and 8. After entering an appropriate value the following window appears:

Now you can enter the text for the alternatives. Keep in mind that the last alternative

```
No Proj Alternative
01: " "
02: " "
03: " "
04: " "
05: " "
```

entered must not be a blank, because the program cannot see the difference between a blank alternative and no alternative at all. Instead it is better to put the blank alternative at the first place, because the first alternative is selected by default. If an alternative is longer than allowed by the length set, it will simply be cut to the proper length when the save key is pressed.

A projection can be set for each alternative. It will change the AP/PA setting to the AP/PA setting set for the menu item. The Proj can be toggled Off/AP/PA by pressing the F1 soft-key.

3.5 Communication param

Selecting this item will present a window where the communication channels of the KODAK Network ID Camera can be configured. This window works slightly different from the previous windows: instead of presenting a sub-menu where the item to configure is

selected, function keys are used to change what has to be configured. This scheme seemed better suited in this situation where the user often quickly wants to switch between channels. Apart from that, there is a protocol-dependent configuration window for each channel, which is opened from each channel configuration window by a function key. When the Communication parameters window is open the channel selected is displayed in the upper right corner of the window. To select another channel, press the Channel (F1) soft-key. To configure a parameter of the selected protocol press the Shift Protocol (Shift-F1) soft-key. Note that not all protocols have a protocol set-up associated.

This chapter does not cover all details of the KODAK Network ID Camera communication. For more information please refer to the Network Installation Manual.

3.5.1 Communication parameters Channel: HOST

In this window the communication channel used to download patient data from a host computer is configured.

Communicat	ion parame	eters Chanr	nel: HOST
Speed	9600		
Parity	NONE	Groupname	
Databits	8 bits	Protocol	2=DIRECT
Connection	RS-232	Char.tbl	AUTO
Channel	Previous	Next	Save

Move between the different settings by pressing up- and down arrow keys. Use the Previous (F2) and Next (F3) keys to toggle between the alternatives.

Speed Set the speed of the channel, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or

38400. Factory default is 9600.

Parity Set the parity used by the channel, NONE, EVEN or ODD. Factory default

is NONE.

Databits Set the number of bits used by the channel, 7 or 8 bits. Factory default is 8

bits.

Connection Selects where the host computer is connected. RS-232 means that the

host computer is connected to the 9pin DB connector labelled HOST, RS-422 means that the host channel of the RJ-45 connector should be used.

Factory default is RS-232.

Groupname Sometimes several cameras are connected in parallel which means that all

cameras will receive patent data for all patients. Setting groupname will give the camera a name, so that the camera will only received data addressed to this name. For more information, please read the Network

Installation Manual.

Protocol Here the protocol is selected. The following alterntive are available:

0=2010B - Kodak 2010 compatible protocol with STX/ETX as if connected to the 2010 communication box. B means connected to BOX.

1=2010D - Kodak 2010 compatible protocol without STX/ETX as if connected to a host computer instead of the 2010 network. D means Direct to host without box.

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2=DIRECT - KODAK Network ID Camera direct protocol.

3=DOWNLOAD - KODAK Network ID Camera download protocol.

For more information, please read Network Installation Manual.

Char.tbl Only active for the Nordic countries.

Select which character table to use. A UNIX computer or a PC running MS-DOS or Windows use different coding for national characters like the Swedish ÅÄÖ for example.

AUTO – Fortunately, there are mostly no conflicts between the codes used in the different character sets, which means that the KODAK Network ID Camera can apply the translation scheme for all character sets at the same time without any conflicts. This is AUTO.

7bit - In some cases the characters []{}\| are used for national characters. The 7bit setting will translate these characters. The translation depends on the country setting.

IBM - This is the PC/MS-DOS codepage 850 character set.

WIN - This is the MS-WINDOWS character set.

3.5.2 Protocol set-up

Select Protocol (Shift-F1) when DIRECT- or DOWNLOAD protocol is selected. This will bring up the protocol set-up for the protocol.

This window is used to set-up a translation table between a field number used in the communication protocol and the field number in the C1 and C1N window of the KODAK

Host	C1	C1N
00:	0	0
01:	0	0
02:	0	0
03:	0	0
04:	0	0

Network ID Camera. Use the up and down arrows to move to the field above and below and use the C1 and C1N key to change between the C1 and C1N columns. Note that 15 fields are available. They appear by pressing the down arrow when you are at the bottom line. For more detailed description please refer to the Network Installation Manual.

3.5.3 Communication parameters Channel: AUX

In this window the auxiliary communication channel is configured. This channel is used for different purposes.

Communicati	on paramet	ers Chan	nel: AUX	
Speed	9600			
Parity	NONE			
Databits	8 bits P	rotocol	NONE	
	C	har.tbl	AUTO	
Channel	Previous	Next	Save	

Move between the different settings by pressing up- and down arrow keys. Use the Previous (F2) and Next (F3) keys to toggle between the alternatives.

Speed Set the speed of the channel, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or

38400. Factory default is 9600.

Parity Set the parity used by the channel, NONE, EVEN or ODD. Factory default

is NONE.

Databits Set the number of bits used by the channel, 7 or 8 bits. Factory default is 8

bits.

Protocol Here the protocol is selected. Available alternatives are:

NONE - The channel is not used.

MMAT3000 - Selects the protocol used by the Siemens Mammomat 3000 for sending exposure data.

 ${\tt SENOGRAP}\,$ – Selects the protocol used by the Senograph for sending exposure data.

GXDP-P - Selects the General XRAY Data Protocol with poll function for sending exposure data.

GXDP-NP - Selects the General XRAY Data Protocol without poll function for sending exposure data.

For more information, please read the Network Installation Manual.

Char.tbl Only active for the Nordic countries.

Select which character table to use. A UNIX computer or a PC running MS-DOS or Windows use different coding for none-American characters like the Swedish ÅÄÖ for example.

AUTO – Fortunately there are, in most cases, no conflicts between the codes used in the different character sets, which means that the KODAK Network ID Camera can apply the translation scheme for all character sets at the same time without any conflicts. This is AUTO.

7bit - In some cases the characters []{}\| are used for national characters. The 7bit setting will translate these characters. The tranlation depends on the country setting.

IBM - This is the PC/MS-DOS codepage 850 character set.

WIN - This is the MS-WINDOWS character set..

3.5.4 Protocol set-up SIEMENS Mammomat 3000

Pressing Shift Protocol (Shift F1) when the MMAT3000 protocol is selected will bring up the protocol set-up for the SIEMENS Mammomat[®] 3000 protocol.

Define	text for	Mammomat 3000
Focus	SF	LF
Anode	W	Mo
Filter	Rh	Mo
Grid	Grid No grid	
	0 Text	1 Text Save

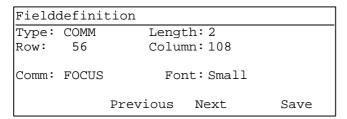
This window is used to define a number of text strings. The Mammomat[®] 3000 sends a few parameters as 0 and 1, whereas they should be presented as texts instead. This window is used to define those texts. For more detailed information, please refer to the Mammomat[®] 3000 manual.

Each string may be up to 8 characters long. Use the up and down arrows to go to the row below or above, and use "0 text"- and "1 Text" soft-keys to select column.

Creating the picture that will be printed on the film is done in the same way as usual selecting the COMM field type. **NOTE!** The communication protocol has to be set before setting up the picture, otherwise the COMM field will display NONE.

Example

We want to create a COMM field that shall display the FOCUS. Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type COMM. The Mammomat 3000 is sending ether 0 or 1 as the FOCUS parameter and the Kodak Network ID Camera is translating it to a text according to the protocol set-up above. In this case the texts are SF for 0 and LF for 1. With reference to this settings, the length should be set to 2 and Comm to FOCUS. This means that we have to define the length of this COMM field to two. Select Comm FOCUS will link the focus data to this field.



The field data do not include the unit (kV, mAs etc.). To add that, an F-text field with the appropriate text has to be inserted after the COMM field. Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type F-text. Enter values for the row and column to place this field at a position of your preference. Hint, use the Place function to position fields, see chapter 3.4.3. Enter appropriate text under Fixed text.

```
Fielddefinition
Type: F-text
Row: 56 Column: 78

Fixed text: Font: Small
Focus
Previous Next Save
```

These fielddefinitions will give us the text "Focus" followed by the "FOCUS"-value at the center bottom of the patient data window.

3.5.5 Protocol set-up GE Medical System Senographe

Select Protocol (Shift-F1) when the SENOGRAP protocol is selected. This will bring up the protocol set-up for the GE Medical System Senographe.

Define text for GE Senographe				
Mode	AOP	AEC	Manual	
Sub Mode	STD	CTS	DOSE	
Focus	SF	LF		
Track	RH	MO		
Filter	RH	AL	MO	
	Left	Right	Save	

This window is used to define a number of text strings. The GE Medical System Senographe sends a few parameters as 0 and 1, whereas they should be presented as texts instead. This window is used to define those texts. For more detailed information, please refer to the GE Medical System Senographe manual.

Each string may be up to 8 characters long. Use the up and down arrows to go to the row below or above, and use Left- and Right soft-keys to select column.

Creating the picture that will be printed on the film is done in the same way as usual selecting the COMM field type. **NOTE!** The communication protocol has to be set before setting up the picture, otherwise the COMM field will display NONE.

Example

We want to create a COMM field that shall display the MODE. Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type COMM. The The Senographe is sending 0, 1 or 2 as the MODE parameter and the Kodak Network ID Camera is translating it to a text according to the protocol set-up above. In this case the texts are AOP for 0, AEC for 1 and Manual for 2. With reference to this settings, the length should be set to 6 and Comm to MODE. This means that we have to define the length of this COMM field to six characters maximum. Select Comm MODE will link the Mode data to this field.

Fielddefinition				
Type:		Lengt		
Row:	56	Colur	mn: 108	
Comm:	MODE	Font: Small		
		Previous	Next	Save

The field data do not include the unit (kV, mAs etc.). To add that, an F-text field with the appropriate text has to be inserted after the COMM field. Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type F-text. Enter values for the row and column to place this field at a position of your preference. Hint, use the Place function to position fields, see chapter 3.4.3. Enter appropriate text under Fixed text.

Fielddefinition				
Type: Row:			mn: 84	
Fixed Mode	text:	For	nt:Small	
		Previous	Next	Save

These fielddefinitions will give us the text "Mode" followed by the "MODE"-value at the center bottom of the patient data window.

3.5.6 Protocol set-up GXDP

Select GXDP-P or GXDP-NP protocol depending on whether the polling function is to be used or not, refer to the Network Installation Manual.

No further set-up is made for this protocol. The data input has the format: "comm field comm field number is corresponding to the comm field number defined in the picture and the *value* is the value which shall be displayed in the picture, refer to chapter 3.4.

The manufacturer of the XRAY equipment should present a documentation specifying which data is representing by which number and maximum length of eath item. Example:

Number	Length	Description	
0	2	kV	
1	4	mAs	
2	2	Anode (Rh/Mo)	

This means that the following data string is sent from the XRAY-unit:

The value "14" will be placed in communication field number zero, the value "2.4" in field number one, text "Mo" in field number two.

Creating the picture that will be printed on the film is done in the same way as usual selecting the COMM field type. **NOTE!** The communication protocol has to be set before setting up the picture, otherwise the COMM field will display NONE. Now, select which data (i.e. number) this COMM field should display. One COMM field for each exposure data must be created.

Example

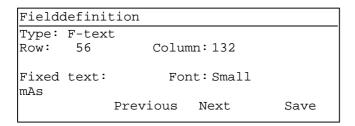
We want to create a COMM field that shall display the "mAs". Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type COMM. With reference to the table above the length should be set to 4 and Comm to 1.

Fielddefinition					
Type: Row:	-		Length: 4 Column: 108		
Comm:	1	For	nt:Small		
		Previous	Next	Save	

The field data do not include the unit (kV, mAs etc.). To add that, an F-text field with the appropriate text has to be inserted after the COMM field. Create a new field and under fielddefinition select Type F-text. The F-text should be on the same row as the COMM

field and it should start at column 132 (The COMM field starts at column 108 and has a length of 4 character, a small font character is 6 pixels wide, this gives us that the start position of the F-text field should be $108 + 4 \times 6$). Hint, use the Place function to position fields, see chapter 3.4.3.

An appropiate text is entered under Fixed text, in this example "mAs".



These fielddefinitions will give us the "mAs"-value followed by its unit at the center bottom of the patient data window.

3.6 Settings

Selecting this item will present a window where some configurations that do not fit within the other items are gathered.

Settings
Language ENGLAND
Country ENGLAND
Cursor LINE FLASHING
Erase bookinglist at power interrupt
Exposure data Optional
Previous Next Exit

Use the up and down arrows to move the cursor between the settings, and use Previous and Next soft-keys to select option.

Language Selects the language the KODAK Network ID Camera will speak. Factory

default is ENGLAND.

Country will select country-depending settings like date format, PID number format.

Factory default is ENGLAND.

The country and language settings are separated because there are countries where more than one language is common, but where the date format and PID number are the same. Finland and Switzerland are two examples.

Available languages/countries are:

England, Iceland, Germany, France, Spain, Portugal, Holland, Italy, Sweden, Denmark, Norway and Finland.

Cursor

Selects how the cursor should appear on the display. The cursor can be selected as steady or flashing, line or block. Place the cursor at "LINE" position to select line or block and place it at "FLASHING" position to select flashing or steady. Factory default is LINE FLASHING.

Erase bookinglist at power interrupt

This setting defines, whether the booking list downloaded from a host computer should be erased or retained when the power is switched off. Note that the setting will be changed by toggling between the words Erase and Retain at the beginning of the sentence. Factory default is Erase.

Exposure data optional

This setting defines, whether the film may be exposed when no exposure data has been received from an X-ray unit. The setting will be changed by toggling between the words Optional and Mandatory. Factory default is Optional.

3.7 Remote control

Selecting this item will present a window where the up- and download of a set-up is performed.

Remote control

Connect to: HOST
Speed: 38400

Connect Previous Next Exit

Use the up and down arrows to move the cursor between the settings, and use Previous and Next soft-keys to select option.

Connect to Selects which communication port to use, HOST or AUX.

Speed Selects the baudrate for the data transmission, 4800,9600,19200 or 38400.

For a transmission session a PC compatibel computer, a pin-to-pin cable with a female 9-pin DSUB on one end and a male 9-pin DSUB on the other end and software for the PC are required. The software, getsetup.exe and putsetup.exe, runs under MS-DOS or in a MS-DOS box in WINDOWS 3.1, WINDOWS 95 or WINDOWS NT. The communication cable should be connected to either HOST or AUX on the camera and the other end either COM1 or COM2 on the PC.

The software kit is available from Kodak with part number T240000.

3.7.1 Save a Set-up

To save a set-up to a PC the following must be performed:

- Connect a PC to the Kodak Network ID Camera.
- Enter "Remote control" and select which communication port and speed to use.
- Press F1 "Connect", a text "Waiting" appear on the display. The camera is now ready for a transmission session.
- Type "getsetup [options] filename" at the DOS-prompt and press ENTER.

Options are -p where port is 1 or 2 for COM1 or COM2

-s where speed is 4800,9600,19200 or 38400.

Filename is any valid filename where the setup will be saved. It is recommended that the filename ends with ".ksu".

If the command line is given with no options port COM1 will be used and the speed will be set to 38400.

When all is done, press F4 to exit remote mode.

3.7.2 Load a Set-up

The setup is saved in such a way it may be saved from one camera using one version of the KNIC firmware and later downloaded to another camera with a later version of the firmware.

To load a set-up from a PC the following must be performed:

- Connect a PC to the Kodak Network ID Camera.
- Enter "Remote control" and select which communication port and speed to use.
- Press F1 "Connect", a text "Waiting" appear on the display. The camera is now ready for a transmission session.
- Type "putsetup [options] filename" at the DOS-prompt and press ENTER.

Options are -p where port is 1 or 2 for COM1 or COM2

-s where speed is 4800,9600,19200 or 38400.

Filename is the name of an existing file.

If the command line is given with no options port COM1 will be used and the speed will be set to 38400.

Before the setup is re-loaded the previous setup will be erased. If download is interrupted for some reason a new download must be performed. If there is problems to download a set-up, even at lower speed, the setup should manually be erased. This since the partially loaded setup may be inconsistent causing the camera to behave incorrectly. To manually erase a set-up (i.e resetting to factory default), please refer to chapter 3.2.

• When all is done, press F4 to exit remote mode. The camera will ask you to press any key to restart with the new set-up.

4 Upgrading the firmware

The controlling firmware is stored in a FLASH memory. To update this firmware the following equipment are required:

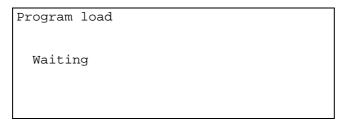
- · A PC compatibel computer.
- A pin-to-pin cable with a female 9-pin DSUB on one end and a male 9-pin DSUB on the other end.
- Software for the PC is required. The software, FWDL.EXE, runs under MS-DOS or in a MS-DOS box in WINDOWS 3.1, WINDOWS 95 or WINDOWS NT. FWDL.EXE is included in the "Software Kit" which is available from Kodak with part number T240000.
- Firmware for the Kodak Network ID Camera.

4.1 Download the firmware

Before starting the download it can be wise to save the setup to the PC as it may happen that downloading new firmware causes the setup to be erased. How to save a set-up, please refer to chapter 3.7.

Connect the PC to the camera. The communication cable should be connected to either HOST or AUX on the camera and the other end either COM1 or COM2 on the PC.

Preper the camera for a download session by switching it off, press down the P key and hold it down while switching the camera on again. Now the operator display should look like this:



Type "FWDL [option] [filename] at the DOS-prompt and press ENTER.

Option is -1 or -2 corresponding to COM1 and COM2 on the PC. Default is COM1.

Filename is normally "KNICver.KFW" where ver is the digit version number. If no filename is given, the filename "TFM.0" will be used.

Ex. To download firmware version 2.1 using COM2. Type "FWDL -2 KNIC21.KFW".

The operator display should now change from "Waiting" to first "Erasing" and then "Loading on COMn" where n is either 1 or 2 depending on whether HOST or AUX is used.

On the screen of the PC there is a progress indicator rotating and a figure showning how far the download has progressed in percent.

When downloading is finished the camera will restart as if the camera was switched off and on again.

The final step is to check if the setup is erased and thus needs to be reloaded.

5 Error Messages

Although all error messages are plain text and self explaining, some guidelines on how to react and handle on these will be appropriate. The error message will disappears when any key is pressed.

The following is a list of all error messages while in set-up mode:

5.1 Illegal value

An errorious value has been entered. The value of the length and position of a field has an upper limit.

Action: Enter correct value.

5.2 The adjustment may be max 32

The vertical adjustment has a limit of 32 line-pixels.

Action: If there is a need for a greater adjustment than 32 pixel-lines or a negative adjustment (move the image upwards) the whole picture must be moved manually, field by field.

5.3 Out of storage for FTEXT

Maximum numbers of F-texts are 30. These can be distributed between the two windows, C1 and C1N, after one's own preference.

Action: Use F-texts more efficiently. If there is two F-texts on the same line it is possible to merge them. The F-text limit is number of F-text not the total number of F-text characters.

5.4 Length must be between 1 and 8

A Menu-text can be from one up to eight characters long.

Action: Enter correct value. To exit without entering any value, press ESC-key.

5.5 Communication error

An interference of a set-up up-/down-load has occured.

Action: Select a lower speed and restart the communication session.

5.6 Programming voltage missing (JP8)

Action: Make sure the JP8 jumper is correctly installed. The jumper should be set at 1 - 2 (to the left).

5.7 Failed to erase set-up memory

Action: Make sure the JP8 jumper is correctly installed. The jumper should be set at 1 - 2 (to the left). To exit set-up mode without any changes done, switch the camera off and on again.

5.8 Failed to program set-up memory

Action: Make sure the JP8 jumper is correctly installed. The jumper should be set at 1 - 2 (to the left). To exit set-up mode without saving, switch the camera off and on again.

5.9 Unknown programming error

Action: Restart the camera by switching it off and then on again. Note! Changes made in set-up may not be saved.

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